

Section 2: Focus on RHYTHM

Across the four areas of study, these are the 'must-know' musical terms for **RHYTHM**, **TEMPO** and **METRE**:

RHYTHM	ТЕМРО	METRE
Semibreve		
Minim	Allegro	
Crotchet	Vivace	Regular
Semiquaver	Allegretto	Irregular
Dotted	Moderato	Accent
Syncopation	Andante	Simple time: 2/4
Swing rhythms	Adagio	Simple time: 3/4
On the beat	Lento	Simple time: 4/4
Off beat	Accelerando	Duple time
Triplet	Ritardando	Triple time
Associated rests	Rallentando	Quadruple time
Driving rhythms	Rubato	Compound time: 6/8
Dance rhythms	Pause	
Rock rhythms		



Area of Study 1: Musical Forms and Devices

 You will hear the opening of a dance by Strauss. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=cKkDMiGUbUw [from start to 1'04"]

Listen to the opening of the extract before answering the questions below.

I. One of the following statements is true. Tick (✓) the statement you believe to be true. [1]

Statement	Tick
The tempo of the extract is consistent throughout	
The tempo of the extract is Vivace	
The tempo of the extract is varied	

II.

i. <u>Underline</u> what happens to the tempo of the music during the extract.

[2]

It gets slower

It gets faster

It remains at constant speed

ii. <u>Underline</u> the musical term which correctly describes what happens to the tempo of the music.

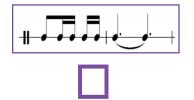
Accelerando

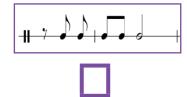
Rallentando

Ritardando

III. Tick (\checkmark) which rhythm is the correct rhythm for the main musical idea.

[1]







IV. <u>Underline</u> which type of metre best describes the music in the extract.

[1]

Triple time

Quadruple time

Some additional facts: This extract is performed by an **orchestra** and written by a man called Johann Strauss. He was Austrian, and composed the piece in 1866, which was in the **Romantic** era. The English title of the piece is 'The Blue Danube', and it is a famous **waltz**. The **strings** play **tremolo** when the music starts and their dynamic marking is **pianissimo**. The music is in the key of **A major**.

TIP: Make sure that you know the meanings of and understand all the musical terms written in **bold**.



*What type of ensemble is performing in this extract?

*Would you describe the main melodic idea as mostly conjunct or mostly disjunct?

*Suggest a suitable dynamic for the beginning of the extract.

2. The following extract is an instrumental section from Verdi's famous opera, 'Aida'. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=AssDQbalP_I [from start to 1'11"]



Listen to the extract and then answer the following questions on rhythm.

I. State the time signature of the music.

[1]

II. <u>Underline</u> the musical term which describes the correct metre of the extract.

[1]

Simple duple

Simple triple

Simple quadruple

What are the other metres you need to know for GCSE music?

III. In the table below, tick (**✓**) two rhythmic features heard in the extract.

[2]

Musical Features	Tick
Swing rhythms	
Dotted rhythms	
Semibreve rhythms	
Consistent minim rhythms	
Triplet rhythms	

IV. <u>Underline</u> the Italian term which describes the tempo of the extract.

[1]

Andante

Allegro moderato

Adagio

This is another famous piece of music from the **Romantic era**, composed by Giuseppe Verdi. It comes from his opera called **Aida** and is called the 'Triumphal **March**'.



Listen to the opening rhythmic idea at the start which is all on one pitch; the piece certainly captures the feeling of a very grand **fanfare**.

- What is the tonality of the extract?
- What are the main melodic features of the music?
- What family of orchestral instruments do you hear at the start?
- What do you think the dynamic of the music is?
- Are there any other musical features of interest in this extract?



Area of Study 2: Music for Ensemble

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1.			_	extract of jazz music. om/watch?v=CvExZuWb	o <u>SFQ</u> [from 0'12" to 0'	57"]		
	I.							
		i.	How many be	ats are there in every ba	ar?			[1]
		ii.	State the corre	ect time signature .				[1]
		iii.	Tick (√) the m	netre which is the correc	t description for this ty	pe of metre.		[1]
				Type of	metre	Tick		
				Simple duple				
				Simple triple				
				Simple quadruple				
				Compound duple				
				Compound triple				
				Compound quadruple				
	II.			the extract, the accompa s rhythmic idea enters.	niment joins in with a	two-note cho	ordal idea. State v	vhich [1]
	III.							
		i.	<u>Underline</u> whi	ch Italian term best desc	ribes the tempo of the	musical ext	ract.	[1]
			Vivace	Andante	Lento			
		ii.	Underline the	term which best describe	es the rhythmic interp	retation of th	e main melody.	[1]
			Dotted	On the beat	Syncopated			
		iii.	<u>Underline</u> the	description which best fi	ts the rhythmic style o	of the music.		[1]
			Swing rhythm	Rock rhythm	Driving rhyth	m		



[2]

Additional task

Now listen to the opening of another version of this music: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=-dzVt1Ks59M [from the start to about 1' 15"].

Discuss the content with other members of the class, and compare the two versions, taking into account the contrasts in **instrumentation**, overall **style** and any other musical features of interest. When describing the second version, concentrate on the **differences** in the music.

Write up your observations.

2. Musical Theatre

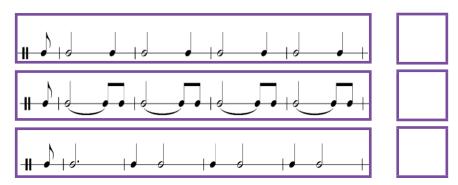
The next extract is a number called 'Tomorrow' from the show **Bugsy Malone** by Paul Williams. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=zdPtrvVhm6l [from start to 0'57"]

Answer the following questions on **rhythm**, while listening carefully to the audio extract.

I. Tick (\checkmark) the two statements about rhythm that you believe to be true.

Statement	Tick
The longest note value used in the extract is a semibreve	
The shortest note value used in the extract is a quaver	
The extract begins with an anacrusis	
The extract begins with a triplet	

II. The opening musical idea has a distinctive **rhythmic** pattern. Tick (✓) the pattern which you believe to be the correct pattern from the 3 options given below.
[1]



GCSE Music | Rhythm



III.

İ.	State the time signature of the music.	[1]
ii.	Suggest a suitable tempo marking for the music.	[1]
iii.	What is this type of metre known as? (e.g. Compound duple)	[1]

- IV. One type of **rhythmic device** is used in the vocal line, particularly noticeable towards the end of the extract. State what you think that may be.[1]
- State the tonality of the music.
- State whether the opening section is the verse or the chorus.
- Decide whether the dynamic at the start is ff, mf or pp.
- Which of these words best describes the style of the music?
 Hip-Hop Jazz Rock Folk



[2]

[2]

Area of Study 3: Film Music

This is a musical extract from the film *The Goonies*.
 Listen to the musical extract https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=0WQTjOEkG7E [from start to 0'55"]

Now, answer the following questions on **rhythm**. The extract may be considered in two sections: the first, which is quite dramatic; and the second, which feels as if it is gathering pace.

I. Tick (✓) the correct time signature and metre of the musical extract.

Time Signature

Tick

Metre

Tick

Compound duple

Simple quadruple

4/4

Simple triple

Simple duple

II. Tick (**✓**) two of the following statements which you believe to be true.

Statement	Tick
The first chord is played on the first beat of the bar.	
The first chord is syncopated.	
The first chord is a semibreve note-value.	
The first chord is on an accented beat.	

III. The second part of the extract feels as if it is speeding up as the music gathers momentum.

<u>Underline</u> the rhythmic idea used to achieve this.

[1]

Swing rhythms Triplet rhythms Driving rhythms

IV. Tick (\checkmark) three rhythmic features heard in the second section of the extract. [3]

Rhythmic features	Tick
Semiquaver note-patterns	
Triplet rhythms	
Repeated crotchets	
Dotted rhythms	
Rests	
Steady minim movement	

Can you work out the rhythmic notation for the first two bars of the tune?



2. You will hear the opening of the theme from a film called *The Deer Hunter*. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=c6gpa8nUa70 [from start to 0'38"]

Read the questions carefully before the first playing of the extract. The extract consists of a short introduction and the first play-through of the main theme.

I.	State the time signa	ture of the music.			[1]
II.	<u>Underline</u> the term v	vhich describes the m	etre.		[1]
	Simple Duple	Simple Quad	ruple	Compound duple	
III.	Suggest a suitable to	empo marking for the	music.		[1]
IV.	<u>Underline</u> how many	/ bars long you believe	the introduction	to be.	[1]
	One bar	Two bars	Three bars	Four bars	
V.	Tick (✓) two feature	s of the lower part whi	ch is the accomp	paniment to the theme.	[2]

Rhythmic features of the left-hand part	Tick
Irregular pattern	
Regular pattern	
Continuous quavers	
Continuous minims	

VI. Describe the main rhythmic features of the theme heard in the higher part. [3]

Further task: the longer answer question

This film is an epic war drama. Describe how the composer achieves the mood of intense sadness in this famous theme. You must explain your observations by considering the use of all **the musical elements** in the music, including the use of melody, harmony and texture.

[Other: Major key/legato/mp dynamic/totally conjunct movement/ - compare the feeling of 3/4 and 6/8]



Area of study 4: Popular Music

1. Listen to the opening of 'We Are The Champions' as performed by the group Queen. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=goeT7boL1Ks [from start to 0'51"]

Now answer the following questions on rhythm.

I.

i. Tick (\checkmark) the one statement that you believe to be true.

[1]

Statement	Tick
The extract begins with an up-beat	
The extract begins with an off-beat	
The extract begins with a swing beat	

ii. Give another name for 'up-beat'

[1]

II. Three of the following statements are true. Tick (✓) the **three** statements that you believe to be true.

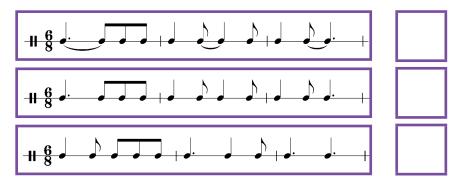
[3]

Statement	Tick
The rhythmic pattern of the short introduction consists of steady crotchets.	
The rhythmic pattern of the short introduction consists of steady quavers.	
The rhythmic pattern is played once before the voice enters.	
The rhythmic pattern is played twice before the voice enters.	
The rhythmic pattern ends with a sequence.	
The rhythmic pattern ends with syncopation.	



III.

i. Tick the rhythmic pattern which you consider to be the correct one for the first line of the chorus section which is 'We are the champions, my friends...'[1]



ii. The correct description of this type of metre is

[1]

2. Listen to the opening of a song by *Katy Perry* called '*Never Really Over*'. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=aEb5gNsmGJ8 [from start to 0'29"]

Now answer the following questions.

I. Complete the following sentences with the correct musical answer.

[3]

- i. The **tempo** of the music in this extract is
- ii. The time signature of the music in this extract is
- iii. The correct description of the type of **metre** is



[3]

II. Tick (\checkmark) three of the following rhythmic features heard in this short extract.

Rhythmic features	Tick
Some triplet patterns	
Fast continuous semiquavers	
Repeated minims in the melody line	
Use of rests	
A dotted rhythm at the end of some phrases	
Driving rock rhythms throughout	

III. Two of the following statements are true. Tick (\checkmark) the **two** statements that you believe to be true.

[2]

Statement	Tick
In this extract, 'clicks' are heard on beats 1 and 3	
In this extract, 'clicks' are heard on beats 2 and 4	
In this extract, 'clicks' are heard on beats 1 and 2	
In this extract, 'pitched' notes in the	
accompaniment are heard on beats 1 and 2	
In this extract, 'pitched' notes in the	
accompaniment are heard on beats 1 and 3	
In this extract, 'pitched' notes in the	
accompaniment are heard on beats 1 and 4	

- Is the tonality of this piece major, minor or modal?
- In your groups, discuss the use of technology in this track.